

Medical or Research Professionals/Clinicians

Topic area: Clinical topics by disease

Topic: 28. Back pain, mechanical musculoskeletal problems, local soft tissue disorders

Submission N°: EULAR17-6427

DISCOVERY OF A SMALL MOLECULE INHIBITOR OF THE WNT PATHWAY (SM04755) AS A POTENTIAL TOPICAL TREATMENT FOR TENDINOPATHY

V. Deshmukh¹, T. Seo¹, M. Ibanez¹, J. Stewart¹, B. Hofilena¹, Y. Yazici¹

¹Samumed, LLC, San Diego, CA, United States

My abstract has been or will be presented at a scientific meeting during a 12 months period prior to EULAR 2017:

Yes

Abstract presented or will be presented at (meeting): American College of Rheumatology

Is the first author applying for a travel bursary and/or an award for undergraduate medical students?: No

Background: Tendinopathy is an inflammatory and degenerative disorder caused by injuries or overuse. It can progress to a chronic condition with failed healing, tendon fibrosis and micro-tears that lead to pain and sometimes rupture. Current therapeutic options focus mainly on pain relief rather than treatment of underlying disease. The Wnt pathway is upregulated in tendinopathy and has an important role in inflammation, fibrosis and tenocyte differentiation.

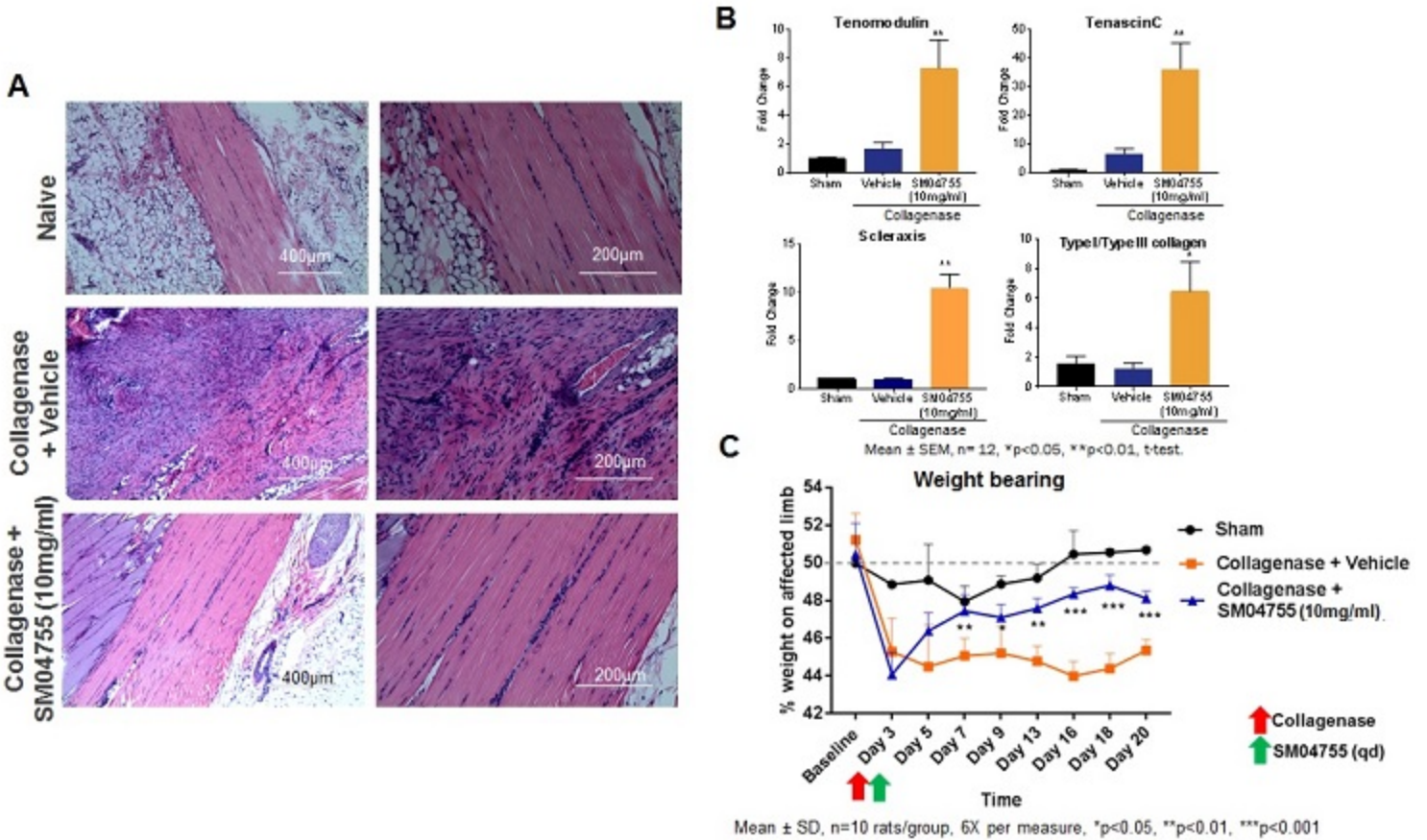
Objectives: SM04755, a novel, topical Wnt pathway inhibitor, was evaluated in preclinical studies to determine its potential to inhibit inflammation, reduce fibrosis and increase tenocyte differentiation, thereby promoting tendon healing.

Methods: Anti-inflammatory activity was measured by TNF- α and IL-6 secretion using ELISA in lipopolysaccharides (LPS) or anti-CD3/anti-CD28 stimulated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs). Differentiation of human mesenchymal stem cells (hMSCs) and rat tendon derived stem cells (rTDSCs) into tenocytes was measured by high-content imaging for tenocyte markers scleraxis A (SCXA), tenomodulin and tenascin C. Pharmacokinetics were evaluated following topical application in rats. *In vivo* efficacy of SM04755 was evaluated in a single injection, collagenase-induced acute rodent tendinopathy model and a chronic, multiple injection, failed healing model, by scoring histological indicators of tendon health. Inflammation was measured by chemokine ligand 1 (CXCL1) levels in plasma by ELISA and pro-inflammatory markers (IL-6, TNF- α , IL-1 β , IFN- γ , IL-8) in the tendon by qPCR. Tendon regeneration and healing were evaluated by qPCR based gene expression of tenocyte differentiation markers SCXA, tenomodulin and tenascin C, Type I/Type III collagen ratio and polarized light microscopy using Sirius Red staining. Pain in the rodent model was evaluated by measuring weight distribution with an incapitance meter.

Results: SM04755 potently inhibited cytokine secretion in LPS and anti-CD3/anti-CD28 stimulated PBMCs (EC_{50} =500nM). SM04755 induced expression of tenocyte markers in differentiated hMSCs and rTDSCs (EC_{50} =200nM). A single topical application of SM04755 resulted in tendon concentrations $>EC_{50}$ for up to 24hrs, with minimal systemic exposure or toxicity. In both the acute and failed healing tendinopathy models, SM04755 (10mg/ml) treatment improved tendon morphology (Figure A), significantly increased mean tendon health score ($p<0.01$), decreased plasma levels of CXCL1 ($p<0.05$) and reduced gene expression of pro-inflammatory markers (IL-6, TNF- α , IL-1 β , INF- γ , IL-8; $p<0.05$) compared to vehicle. SM04755 treatment promoted tendon regeneration measured as increased expression of tenocyte markers ($p<0.05$), increased Type I/Type III collagen ratio (Figure B; $p<0.01$) and Sirius Red stained collagen fibers in tendon compared to vehicle. SM04755 treatment increased % total weight bearing on the affected limb ($p<0.01$), at multiple time points (Figure C), indicating reduced pain in the rodent model.

Image/graph:

Figure. SM04755 inhibited inflammation, promoted tendon healing and reduced pain in a rat collagenase-induced tendinopathy model



Conclusions: Topical SM04755, a Wnt pathway inhibitor, reduced inflammation, promoted tendon regeneration and healing, and reduced pain compared to vehicle in rodent tendinopathy models. SM04755 is a potential treatment for tendinopathy. Clinical studies are in progress.

Disclosure of Interest: V. Deshmukh Shareholder of: Samumed, LLC, Employee of: Samumed, LLC, T. Seo Shareholder of: Samumed, LLC, Employee of: Samumed, LLC, M. Ibanez Shareholder of: Samumed, LLC, Employee of: Samumed, LLC, J. Stewart Shareholder of: Samumed, LLC, Employee of: Samumed, LLC, B. Hofilena Shareholder of: Samumed, LLC, Employee of: Samumed, LLC, Y. Yazici Shareholder of: Samumed, LLC, Employee of: Samumed, LLC